

# BIOLOGY

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)

0610/23 October/November 2016 45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

# **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

### Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. Electronic calculators may be used.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.



- 1 Breathing out combines which two characteristics of living organisms?
  - A excretion and movement
  - **B** excretion and respiration
  - **C** movement and sensitivity
  - D sensitivity and respiration
- 2 Scientists discover a new species of animal.

It has a segmented body with two pairs of legs on each segment.

To which group of animals does this new species belong?

- A arachnids
- **B** crustaceans
- **C** insects
- D myriapods
- 3 The diagram shows an insect.



Use the key to identify the insect.

1	wings present	go to 2
	wings absent	Α
2	two pairs of wings	go to 3
	one pair of wings	В
3	wings with circular markings	С
	wings without circular markings	D

- 4 Which feature shows that a cell is a plant cell?
  - A cell membrane
  - B cell wall
  - C cytoplasm
  - D nucleus

https://xtremepape.rs/

5 The diagram shows an image of a chloroplast. The image is 5 cm long.

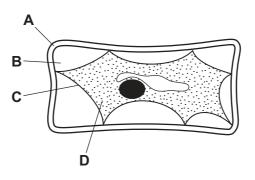


The actual length of the chloroplast is  $5\,\mu m$ .

What is the magnification of the image?

Α	×10	В	×1000	С	×10 000	D	×100 000
~	~10		~1000	•	~10000		~100000

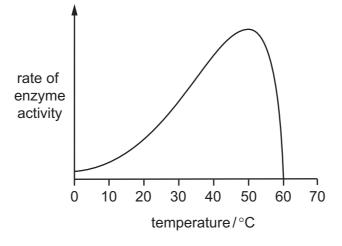
6 The diagram shows a plant cell which has lost water to its surroundings by osmosis. Which part is the partially permeable membrane?



7 What describes active transport?

	energy required	particles move against concentration gradient
Α	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
в	$\checkmark$	x
С	x	$\checkmark$
D	x	×

8 The graph shows how the activity of an enzyme varies with temperature.



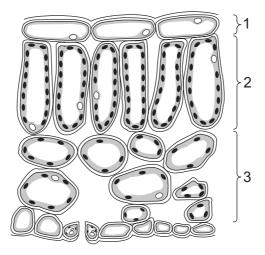
What is the best or optimum temperature for this enzyme and at what temperature is the enzyme not working?

	tempera	temperature / °C		
	best not working			
Α	30	0		
в	30	60		
С	50	0		
D	50	60		

9 How does a plant use the sugar that it makes?

	stored as starch	used for photosynthesis	used for respiration	used to make cellulose
Α	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	X
в	1	$\checkmark$	x	$\checkmark$
С	1	x	$\checkmark$	1
D	×	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

**10** The diagram shows a leaf as seen in cross-section under the microscope.



# What are tissues 1, 2 and 3?

	1	2	3
Α	epidermis	palisade mesophyll	spongy mesophyll
в	epidermis	spongy mesophyll	palisade mesophyll
С	palisade mesophyll	epidermis	spongy mesophyll
D	spongy mesophyll	palisade mesophyll	epidermis

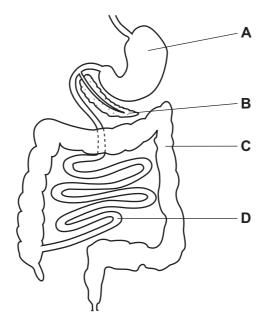
**11** The roots of plants take up nitrates from the soil.

What are the nitrates used to make?

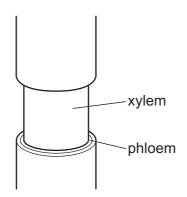
- A fat
- B glucose
- **C** protein
- D starch

- 12 Which disease do children suffer from if they do not get enough iron from their diet?
  - **A** anaemia
  - B kwashiorkor
  - C marasmus
  - D rickets
- 13 What is the correct order of the processes that take place in the alimentary canal?
  - A absorption, digestion, ingestion, egestion
  - **B** digestion, ingestion, egestion, absorption
  - C egestion, digestion, absorption, ingestion
  - D ingestion, digestion, absorption, egestion
- **14** The diagram shows part of the human alimentary canal.

Which organ produces hydrochloric acid?



7



How is transport in the plant affected?

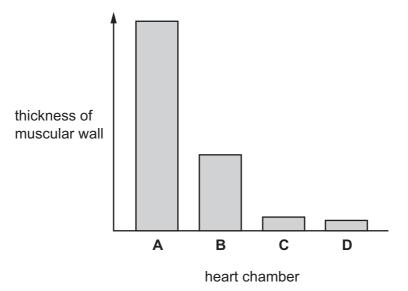
- **A** Amino acids and sugar cannot pass to the roots.
- **B** Dissolved salts cannot pass to the leaves.
- **C** Water cannot pass to the leaves.
- **D** Water cannot pass to the roots.
- **16** Which changes in atmospheric conditions can cause a plant to wilt?

	humidity	temperature
Α	decrease	decrease
В	decrease	increase
С	increase	decrease
D	increase	increase

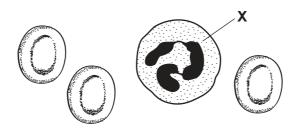
- 17 Which substance is moved by translocation in a flowering plant?
  - **A** amino acid
  - **B** cellulose
  - C fat
  - D starch
- **18** What is a double circulation?
  - A Blood circulates through arteries and veins.
  - **B** Blood circulates through two hearts.
  - **C** Blood flows through the heart twice for each circulation.
  - **D** Blood flows twice around the body before going to the lungs.

**19** The graph shows the thickness of the muscular wall in each of the four chambers of the heart.

Which chamber is the right ventricle?



**20** The diagram shows human blood cells, as seen under a microscope.



What is the function of cell **X**?

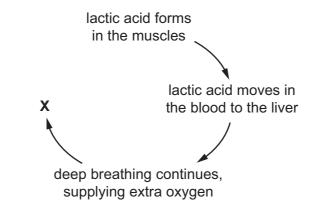
- A to carry glucose
- B to carry oxygen
- C to defend against disease
- D to make the blood clot
- 21 What are disease-causing organisms?
  - A antibodies
  - B pathogens
  - C phagocytes
  - D vaccines

	depends on phagocytes	memory cells are produced
Α	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
В	$\checkmark$	X
С	x	$\checkmark$
D	×	X

22 Which row describes active immunity?

23 After a race, athletes experience oxygen debt.

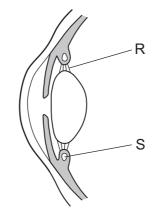
The diagram shows how the oxygen debt is removed.



What happens at X?

- A aerobic respiration of glucose
- **B** aerobic respiration of lactic acid
- C anaerobic respiration of glucose
- D anaerobic respiration of lactic acid
- 24 What is the equation for aerobic respiration in plants?
  - $\textbf{A} \quad C_{6}H_{12}O_{6} + 6O_{2} \ \rightarrow \ 6CO_{2} + 6H_{2}O$
  - $\textbf{B} \quad C_6H_{12}O_6 \ \rightarrow \ 2C_3H_6O_3$
  - $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{ccc} & 6CO_2 + 6H_2O \ \rightarrow \ C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 \end{array}$
  - $\textbf{D} \quad C_6H_{12}O_6 \ \rightarrow \ 2C_2H_5OH + 2CO_2$

**25** The diagram shows a vertical section through the front part of an eye when viewing a near object.



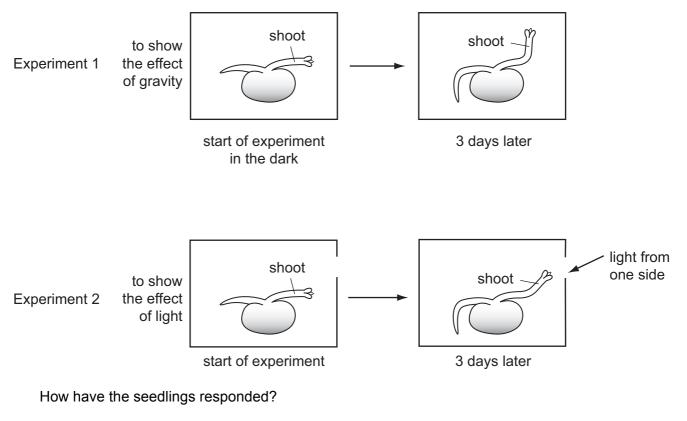
What describes structures R and S?

	R under tension	S contracted
Α	$\checkmark$	1
в	$\checkmark$	X
С	×	$\checkmark$
D	×	X

**26** When the blood glucose concentration is low, which hormone is released and which organ releases it?

	hormone	organ
Α	glucagon	liver
В	glucagon	pancreas
С	insulin	liver
D	insulin	pancreas

**27** The diagram shows seedlings in two experiments on the tropic response of seedlings to gravity and light.



	to gravity	to light	
Α	1	1	key
в	1	x	$\checkmark$ = tropic response shown
С	x	$\checkmark$	$\boldsymbol{X}$ = no tropic response shown
D	x	X	

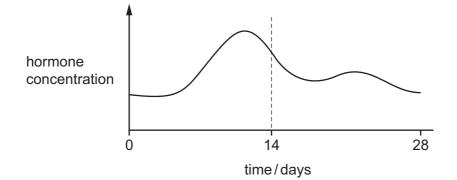
- 28 When does fertilisation occur in humans?
  - A when an egg is released
  - **B** when implantation occurs
  - C when sperm and egg nuclei fuse
  - **D** when sperm are released

**29** The diagram shows the structure of a sperm cell.

Which part is the flagellum?



**30** The graph shows a hormone that is involved in controlling the menstrual cycle.

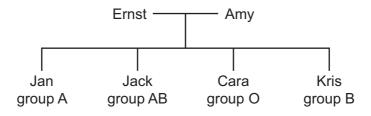


What is the hormone?

- A FSH
- B LH
- C oestrogen
- **D** progesterone
- 31 What happens in mitosis?

	genetically identical cells produced	chromosome number is halved
Α	$\checkmark$	1
в	$\checkmark$	x
С	x	$\checkmark$
D	x	X

**32** Ernst and Amy have four children of different blood groups, as shown.

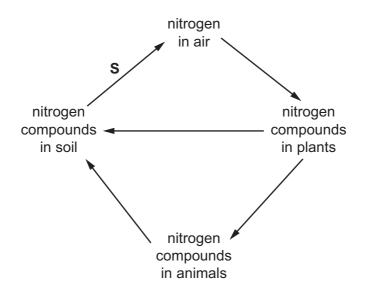


What are the genotypes of Ernst and Amy?

- **A**  $I^{A}I^{A}$  and  $I^{B}I^{o}$
- **B**  $I^{A}I^{B}$  and  $I^{o}I^{o}$
- **C**  $I^{A}I^{o}$  and  $I^{B}I^{B}$
- **D**  $I^{A}I^{o}$  and  $I^{B}I^{o}$
- **33** What is an adaptive feature of xerophytes?
  - A do not have root hair cells
  - **B** leaves have large surface area
  - **C** stomata are in pits
  - **D** thin cuticles
- 34 What are possible positions in a food chain of a carnivore and a herbivore?

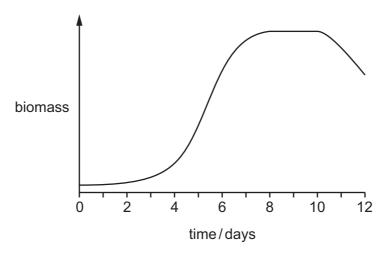
	carnivore	herbivore
Α	primary consumer	producer
В	secondary consumer	primary consumer
С	secondary consumer	tertiary consumer
D	tertiary consumer	secondary consumer

**35** The diagram shows part of the nitrogen cycle.



What is process S?

- A denitrification
- **B** nitrification
- C nitrogen fixation
- **D** nutrition
- 36 The graph shows the growth of a yeast population.



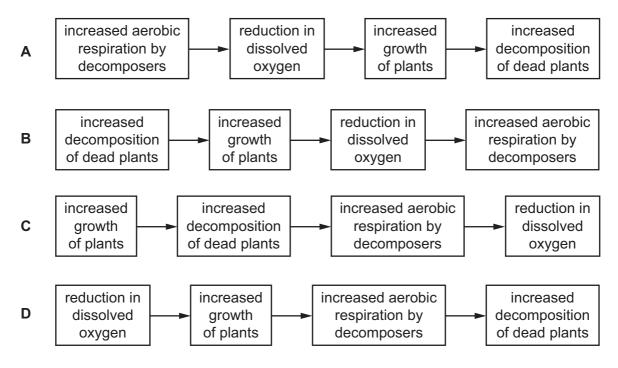
When was the rate at which cells were dying equal to the rate at which new cells were being formed?

**A** day 3 **B** day 5 **C** day 9 **D** day 11

https://xtremepape.rs/

- 37 Which structures, found in bacteria, make them useful in genetic engineering?
  - A cell walls
  - **B** membranes
  - C plasmids
  - D mitochondria
- 38 Why is yeast used in bread-making?
  - A Aerobic respiration produces alcohol.
  - **B** Aerobic respiration produces lactic acid.
  - **C** Anaerobic respiration produces alcohol.
  - **D** Anaerobic respiration produces carbon dioxide.
- 39 An advantage of some genetically modified crop plants is that they will not
  - A be affected by herbicides.
  - B need carbon dioxide.
  - C need magnesium ions.
  - **D** need water.
- **40** Fertiliser leaks into a river resulting in eutrophication.

What is the correct order of events leading to the death of animals in the river?



#### **BLANK PAGE**

16

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2016